# edexcel 

## Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2015

IAL Chemistry (WCH02/01)

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## General Marking Guidance

- $\quad$ All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- $\quad$ All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Mark schemes will indicate within the table where, and which strands of QWC, are being assessed. The strands are as follows:
i) ensure that text is legible and that spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate so that meaning is clear
ii) select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subj ect matter
iii) organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate


## Section A (multiple choice)

| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | C |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | D |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | B |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | A |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | C |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | C |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | D |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | A |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | B |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | D |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | B |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | A |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | B |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | C |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 5}$ | B |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 6}$ | D |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 7}$ | B |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ | C |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 9}$ | A |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | C |  | 1 |

(TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 20 MARKS)

## Section B

| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 1 ( a ) ( i )}$ | $(\mathrm{n}=0.05 \times 0.00450=)$ |  | 1 |
|  | $2.25 \times 10^{-4} / 0.000225(\mathrm{~mol})$ |  |  |
| IGNORE SF except 1SF |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 1 ( a ) ( i i )}$ | $\left(\mathrm{n}=2.25 \times 10^{-4} \times 2=\right)$ |  | 1 |
|  | $4.50 \times 10^{-4} / 0.000450$ (mol) |  |  |
|  | TE ans to (a)(i) $\times 2$ |  |  |
| IGNORE SF except 1SF |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 1 ( a ) ( i i i )}$ | $\left(\mathrm{c}=4.50 \times 10^{-4} \div 0.025=\right)$ |  | 1 |
|  | $1.8 \times 10^{-2} / 0.018 / 1.80 \times 10^{-2} / 0.0180\left(\mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}\right)$ |  |  |
|  | TE ans to (a)(ii) $\div 0.025$ |  |  |
| IGNORE SF except 1SF |  |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21(a)(iv) | Start at final answer (the difference) if correct or correct TE from (iii) then give 3 marks with or without correct working <br> Ignore SF except 1SF for the "difference" only but do not penalise trailing zeros <br> NOTE <br> Negative value for "difference" does not get MP3 but can score MP1 and MP2 only <br> If answer is incorrect then look at following working <br> MP1 <br> Initial KOH concentration $\begin{equation*} n=226.8 \div 56.1= \tag{1} \end{equation*}$ <br> 4.04278/4.04 (mol) <br> ALLOW use of 56 <br> MP2 $\begin{equation*} [\mathrm{KOH}]=4.04278 \div 45= \tag{1} \end{equation*}$ $8.9840 \times 10^{-2} / 0.089840\left(\mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}\right)$ <br> NOTE 56 gives 0.09 <br> A TE is allowed from incorrect number of mols <br> MP3 <br> Difference $\begin{align*} & \left(8.9840 \times 10^{-2}-1.80 \times 10^{-2}=\right) \\ & 7.1840 \times 10^{-2} / 0.071840\left(\mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}\right) \tag{1} \end{align*}$ <br> NOTE 56 gives 0.072 <br> Transferred errors <br> $8.98 \times 10^{-2}$ - ans to (a)(iii) <br> OR <br> Their initial concentration of KOH - ans to (a)(iii) <br> COMMENT <br> A difference of 0.071 means there has been a rounding error and so will score 2 marks only if rounding errors have not already been penalised. | 0.07 | 3 |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21(a)(v) | Correct final answer (181/182) to 3SF with or without working scores (2) $\begin{aligned} & \text { Answer to (iv) } \times 45 \text { OR } \times 56.1 \\ & \mathrm{n}=7.18 \times 10^{-2} \times 45=(3.231)(\mathrm{mol}) \\ & \mathrm{m}=3.231 \times 56.1=(181.359 / 181.4) \end{aligned}$ <br> OR 181.2591/181.3 $\begin{equation*} =181(\mathrm{~g}) \tag{1} \end{equation*}$ <br> NOTE ALLOW USE OF 56 <br> Alternative method $\begin{equation*} \text { Answer to (ii) } \times \frac{45000}{25} \text { OR } \times 56 / 56.1 \tag{1} \end{equation*}$ <br> Amount $=0.81(\mathrm{~mol})$ <br> Mass of KOH left $0.81 \times 56.1 / 56$ $\begin{align*} & \qquad=45.441 / 45.36(\mathrm{~g})  \tag{1}\\ & \text { Mass used }=226.8-45.441 / 45.36 \\ &=181(\mathrm{~g}) \end{align*}$ |  | 2 |

## Some TE values:

| Part | Answer | Mark | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (i) | $\underline{25 \times 0.05}$ <br> 1000 <br> $=1.25 \times 10^{-3}$ | 0 | $\frac{25 \times 4.5}{1000}$ <br> $=0.1125$ | 0 |
| (ii) | $2.5 \times 10^{-3}$ | 1 | 0.225 | 1 |
| (iii) | 0.1 | 1 | 9 | 1 |
| (iv) | $0.089-0.1$ <br> $=-0.0102$ | 2 | $0.089-9$ <br> $=-8.91$ | 2 |
| (v) | $0.459(\mathrm{~mol})$ <br> and $25.7(\mathrm{~g})$ | 2 | $400.95(\mathrm{~mol})$ <br> and $22500(\mathrm{~g})$ | 2 |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Question } \\ \text { Number }\end{array} & \text { Acceptable Answers } & \text { Reject } & \text { Mark } \\ \hline \mathbf{2 1 ( b ) ( i )} & \text { (From) (pale/bright) pink/red (1) } & \text { purple } & 2 \\ & \text { (To) colourless } & \text { (1) } & \text {..clear }\end{array}\right]$

| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 21(b)(ii) | Red/ brow n/ colour (from the hair/skin <br> likely to have) leached out/dissolved/ <br> solution formed | 1 |  |
|  | ALLOW <br> Red/ brown/ colour from the hair/skin <br> makes the (colour) change/end point <br> difficult to judge/see |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 1 ( b ) ( i i i )}$ | No Only a few drops of indicator used | Yes... | 1 |
|  | OR <br> Adding to an aqueous solution <br> OR <br> Ethanol mixes with water (in all <br> proportions) <br> ALLOW <br> Ethanol is in solution <br> IGNORE <br> Any other reasons |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 1 ( c ) ( i )}$ | (Titre error) |  | 2 |
|  | $\left.\frac{(0.05 \times 2}{4.50} \times 100=\right) \pm 2.2(2)(\%)$ (1)  <br>  (Sample error)  <br> $\left(\frac{0.06}{25} \times 100=\right) \pm 0.24(\%)$ (1)  |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21(c)(ii) | Mark each point independently <br> Any two from: <br> Reduce the concentration of the sulfuric acid <br> Use a larger (initial) sample/R/KOH volume (1) <br> Use $\mathrm{HCl}(\mathrm{aq})$ (of same concentration as sulfuric acid which would have a larger titre) <br> Use greater (initial) concentration/mass of KOH <br> Use less skin <br> IGNORE <br> (J ust) use larger titre <br> Repeat the titration <br> Just changing the concentration | Use more skin | 2 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 1 ( c ) ( \text { iii) }}$ | When it is concordant/the same <br> OR <br> Within $\pm 0.1\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ of the (mean of) <br> other titres <br> ALLOW <br> Within $\pm 0.2\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ of the other titres <br> (comment this is as per the User <br> guide) <br> IGNORE <br> Close/similar/almost the same as <br> other titres | 1 |  |

TOTAL FOR QUESTI ON 21 = 17 MARKS

| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 2 ( a ) ( i )}$ | Eight electrons around each end <br> oxygen of which six must be of the <br> same symbol | 2 |  |
| Rest of electrons correct |  |  |  |
| Triangles and dots can be drawn the <br> other way round <br> Non-bonding electrons can be as pairs <br> or separate |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 22(a)(ii) | There are three areas of electron <br> density/regions of negative <br> charge/groups of electrons <br> (and not two) around (the central <br> oxygen) <br> OR | Mention of other <br> atoms | 1 |
|  | Non-bonding/lone pair (of electrons) <br> on the central / middle / centre <br> oxygen atom | Lone pairs |  |
| ALLOW <br> There are more than two areas of <br> electron density/regions of negative <br> charge/groups of electrons on the <br> central/ middle / centre oxygen <br> atom |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 22(a)(iii) | (Increased risk of) malignant <br> melanoma/ <br> basal cell carcinoma(s) / <br> (Increased risk of) skin cancer/DNA <br> breakdown/mutation | Reference to <br> global warming | 1 |
|  | Retinal/eye damage/snow blindness <br> IGNORE references to sunburn <br> IGNORE just cancer |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 22(a)(iv) | (UV) is high(er) energy <br> /high(er) frequency <br> /short(er) wavelength <br> OR <br> (UV) breaks covalent bonds <br> OR <br> produces free radicals/ions <br> OR <br> Reverse answers for IR <br> IGNORE more penetrating | Long(er) wavelength | 1 |
| Low(er)energy/frequency |  |  |  |$\quad$|  |
| :--- |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 2 ( a ) ( v )}$ | Species / molecule / atom/particles <br> with an unpaired electron | unpaired electrons | 1 |
|  |  | Just <br> 'single electron' <br> 'Ione electron' <br> 'free electron' <br> 'one electron' |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22(a)(vi) | Mark independently |  | 3 |
|  | Dots must be shown on either second |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | First mark |  |  |
|  | $\left(\mathrm{NO} \cdot+\mathrm{O}_{3} \rightarrow\right.$ ) $\mathrm{NO}_{2} \cdot+\mathrm{O}_{2}$ |  |  |
|  | Second mark |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{NO}_{2} \cdot+\mathrm{O}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{NO} \cdot+2 \mathrm{O}_{2}$ |  |  |
|  | OR BOTH |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{O}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{O} \cdot+\mathrm{O}_{2}$ |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{NO}_{2} \cdot+\mathrm{O}^{\cdot} \rightarrow \mathrm{NO} \cdot+\mathrm{O}_{2}$ |  |  |
|  | Third mark |  |  |
|  | $2 \mathrm{O}_{3} \rightarrow 3 \mathrm{O}_{2}$ |  |  |
|  | Allow multiples |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 22(a)(vii) | Catalyst |  | 1 |
|  | IGNORE anything else including <br> catalytic converter <br> Comment <br> The word catalyst can be awarded <br> the mark if shown in a(vi) |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 2 ( a ) ( v i i i ) ~}$ | They breakdown/react/dissolves <br> (in the lower atmosphere before they <br> rise to the ozone layer) | Reference to <br> catalytic <br> converter | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 2 ( b ) ( i )}$ | It has polar bonds | (1) | Polar molecule |
| $\mathrm{OR}^{\delta-}=\mathrm{C}^{\delta+}=\mathrm{O}^{\delta-}$ |  |  |  |
| (Absorption results in) change in dipole <br> moment / (asymmetric) bond <br> vibration/ stretching/bending <br> OR <br> change in (bond/molecule) polarity (1) <br> IGNORE <br> Reference to global warming process | Bonds break |  |  |$\quad 2$|  |
| :--- |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 2 ( b ) ( i i ) ~}$ | Nitrogen/ $\mathrm{N}_{2} /$ Oxygen/O $/$ Argon/Ar | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{O}$ <br> Other noble gases <br> Hydrogen $/ \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H}_{2}$ <br> Water vapour | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 22(b)(iii) | CFCs absorb/trap infrared radiation <br> very effectively/ strongly <br> ALLOW heat /IR for infrared <br> OR <br> High greenhouse factor/global warming <br> potential <br> OR <br> (Very) polar C-F bonds | Depletion of ozone <br> layer | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 2 ( b ) ( i v ) ~}$ | (CFCs) <br> No longer being released in the atmosphere/ less <br> used/concentration decreasing/ amount reduced <br> OR <br> Banned from use/production <br> OR <br> CFCs replaced by HCFCs / HFCs/ Propane / <br> Butane <br> IGNORE <br> More carbon dioxide | 1 |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 2 ( b ) ( v )}$ | Any two from |  | 2 |
|  | Anthropogenic change is man-made (1) <br> Water vapour is always present naturally <br> OR <br> Water vapour present from natural sources <br> OR <br> Water vapour due to the water cycle/ named (1) <br> processes | The levels of water vapour have kept relatively <br> constant (over the recent centuries) (1) |  |
| Can't control natural water vapour emissions <br> (1) | COMMENT <br> Do not penalise 'water vapour has less effect on <br> global warming' in this question <br> Do not penalise 'water vapour is not produced by <br> humans' in this question |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 2 ( b ) ( v i )}$ | MP1 <br> Carbon neutrality is where the $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ released on <br> combustion is equal to the $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ absorbed on <br> formation of the fuel/plant <br> ALLOW <br> Amount of carbon dioxide taken/reacted in equals <br> amount given out/produced | Just 'carbon' | 2 |
|  | OR <br> No net increase in atmospheric carbon dioxide (1) |  |  |
| MP2 <br> CO2 (from fossil fuels) is likely to be released <br> from transport/production of biofuel/production of <br> fertiliser/processing of the biofuel <br> ALLOW <br> Biofuels are a blend including fossil fuels <br> IGNORE (1) <br> Reference to 'waste' |  |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22(b)(vii) | Any two from: <br> Use catalysts/enzymes <br> (to reduce energy consumption) <br> Use microwave energy (which is more efficient) <br> Improve thermal insulation <br> Use heat exchangers/heat recovery <br> Reduce waste/recycle (bi-)products <br> Use renewable resources in its processes <br> Use high atom economy processes <br> Use nuclear power/renewable energy sources/use wind power/use solar power/use fuel cells <br> Use carbon capture and storage methods <br> Note <br> Credit two different storage/capture methods separately for both marks <br> eg sending carbon dioxide back to replace north sea gas under the sea <br> neutralising with scrubbers, absorbing with alkali/limestone etc <br> Comment <br> Send any unexpected well-reasoned points to your TL <br> IGNORE <br> Use reactions needing lower temperatures <br> Plant more trees <br> Reduce car use <br> Use of hydrogen as a fuel | High pressure | 2 |

## Section C

| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 3 ( a )}$ | 3(-)methylbutanoic acid | 2-methylbutanoic acid | 1 |
|  | ALLOW |  |  |
| $\mathbf{3 ( - ) m e t h y l b u t y r i c ~ a c i d ~}$ |  |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23(b) | $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ <br> ALLOW atoms in any order if numbers are correct for each atom $\text { eg } \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{5} / \mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{10} / \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{5} / \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{10}$ <br> ALLOW <br> Additional formulae as well as correct answer | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Just } \\ & \text { ، } \mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{COOH}^{\prime} \end{aligned}$ | 1 |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23(c) |  <br> Bonds may go in other directions eg methyl group upwards |  | 2 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 3 * ( d ) ~}$MP1 <br> Equal/specified volumes/masses/amounts of solvent <br> (1) |  | 3 |  |
|  | MP2 <br> Equal volumes of valeric acid and shake/stir/ mix <br> (and allow to stand) <br> OR <br> Add valeric acid a drop at a time/from a burette to <br> the solvents | (1) |  |
| MP3 <br> (Two) layers with water and a (single) layer with <br> ethanol <br> OR <br> Immiscible with water mixes with ethanol <br> OR <br> Cloudy with water and clear with ethanol <br> OR <br> Measure depth of mixture/smaller rise for ethanol (1) | precipitate |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23(e) | Drawing of hydrogen bond between correct atoms and in a straight line <br> Ignore extra molecules <br> Ignore dipoles and omission of lone pair of electrons Ignore $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{OH}$ bond angle <br> ALLOW <br> Any alcohol <br> Bond angle $180^{\circ}$ around the correct H atom and consequential on MP1 <br> NOTE <br> If two water molecules/R-OH and a water molecule are correctly drawn with a linear hydrogen bond and $180^{\circ}$ correctly labelled then award (1) |  | 2 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 3 ( f ) * ( i )}$ | Instantaneous dipole <br> OR <br> temporary asymmetric electron distribution (1) | 2 |  |
|  | Induced dipole/charge in <br> adjacent/another molecule/atom/particle (1) |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 3 ( f ) ( i i )}$ | MP1 <br> (Boiling temperature will be) lower/ <br> straight chain is higher <br> Remaining marks are dependent on MP1 <br> MP2 and MP3 <br> Branching reduces/ less(ens)/weakens the <br> London/dispersion/ Van der Waals'/vdW forces (1) | 3 |  |
|  | (because it has) less surface area (in contact)/ <br> molecules can't align/molecules can't get as close (1) <br> OR <br> Straight chain stronger/ more/ increases London/etc <br> forces <br> (because it has) greater surface area (in contact) <br> /molecules can align better/molecules can get as (1) <br> closer/pack more closely <br> IGNORE <br> References to energy |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 3 ( g ) ( i )}$ | (The alcohol) can only be oxidized to the ketone <br> OR <br> cannot be further oxidized <br> OR <br> cannot be oxidized to a carboxylic acid <br> OR <br> Further oxidation would have to break a C-C bond <br> IGNORE <br> It's a secondary alcohol/It's not a primary alcohol/ <br> Same product formed | 1 |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 3 ( g ) ( i i )}$ | Alkene/carbon-carbon double bond |  | Just 'double bond' | 2 |
|  | ALLOW |  |  |  |
|  | C=C | (1) |  |  |
|  | (Type of molecule)(1,2-) diol |  |  |  |
|  | ALLOW | (1) |  |  |
|  | (1,2-) dialcohol |  |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23(h) | Up to 2 marks for IR points <br> Penalise the omission of bonds once only <br> IR MP1 <br> $3300-2500\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right) \mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} / \mathrm{OH}$ (stretch in a carboxylic acid) <br> IR MP2 <br> 1725-1700 $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) \quad \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ (stretch in a carboxylic acid) <br> I gnore <br> 2962-2853 ( $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) <br> $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ (stretch in an alkane) <br> Up to 3 marks for Mass Spec points <br> Only penalise negative charges or lack of positive charge once <br> Molecular ion/parent ion peak $/ \mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O}_{2}{ }^{+}$at 102 <br> $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{O}_{2}{ }^{+}$at 101 <br> $\mathrm{COOH}^{+}$at 45 <br> $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{9}{ }^{+} / \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \mathrm{CH}_{2}{ }^{+}$at 57 <br> $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{2}{ }^{+} / \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{H}^{+}$at 87 <br> $\mathrm{OH}^{+}$at 17 <br> $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{+}$at 15 | $\begin{align*} & 3095-3010 \\ & 3750-3200  \tag{1}\\ & 1700-1680 \tag{1} \end{align*}$ | 4 |

## TOTAL FOR SECTION C (QUESTION 23) = 21 MARKS

## TOTAL FOR PAPER = 80 MARKS

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